"Many particle systems out of equilibrium" Problems, Series 6, 2006-07.

Problem 15. Shear viscosity of a dilute gas

In this problem the shear viscosity of a dilute gas should be evaluated approximately from the Green-Kubo expression for this transport coefficient.

a) Argue why for a dilute gas the shear current occurring in the Green-Kubo expression may be approximated as

$$J^{sh} = \mathsf{P}_{xy} = \sum_{i} m v_{ix} v_{iy}.$$
 (1)

b) Show that the collision frequency of a dilute system of hard spheres/disks is given by

$$\nu^{3d} = 4na^2 \sqrt{\frac{\pi k_B T}{m}}, \qquad \nu^{2d} = 2na \sqrt{\frac{\pi k_B T}{m}}.$$
(2)

- c) Show that the contribution to the Green-Kubo integral from t = 0 up to the first collision is given approximately by nk_BT/ν .
- d) make plausible that contributions from the time stretches between subsequent collisions sum up approximately to a correction factor 1/(1-p), with p given by the ratio

$$p = \frac{\langle m^2(v_{1x}'v_{1y}' + v_{2x}'v_{2y}')(v_{1x}v_{1y} + v_{2x}v_{2y})\rangle}{\langle m^2(v_{1x}v_{1y} + v_{2x}v_{2y})^2\rangle},$$

with $\langle \rangle$ an average over the precollisional equilibrium distribution plus over the collision parameters of a collision between particles 1 and 2 with precollisional velocities v_1 and v_2 and postcollisional velocities v'_1 and v'_2 . Calculate p for both disks and spheres. (Hint: It helps reexpressing the velocities of the colliding particles in terms of CM and relative velocities. And in 3 dimensions the post-collisional distribution of the relative velocity is isotropic (compare the 3d Lorentz gas).) What are the final expressions for the shear viscosity?

- e) What are the sources of corrections to these expressions? Which of these become vanishing in the limit of vanishing density?
- f) What does one find for the bulk viscosity in the low-density limit?