## Home work problems for WISB324

The material up to chapter 14 are relevant for a number of these problems and the statement from Ch 15 that the number of non-equivalent irreducible representations equals the number of conjugacy classes of the group.

1. Let, as usual, $\mathbb{C} G$ be the group algebra of a finite group $G$.
(a) Show that for every $\mathbb{C} G$-homomorphism $\phi: \mathbb{C} G \rightarrow \mathbb{C} G$ there exists $w \in \mathbb{C} G$ such that $\phi(r)=r w($ hint: take $w=\phi(e))$.
(b) Let $W \subset \mathbb{C} G$ be an irreducible $\mathbb{C} G$-submodule of $\mathbb{C} G$. Let $w \in W$ be a non-zero element. Show that $W=\{r w \mid r \in \mathbb{C} G\}$.
2. Define the group

$$
G=\left\langle a, b \mid a^{5}=b^{4}=e, b^{-1} a b=a^{-1}\right\rangle .
$$

(a) Show that $b^{2}$ commutes with all elements of $G$.
(b) Determine all conjugacy classes of $G$.
(c) Determine all one-dimensional representations of $G$.
(d) Determine the dimensions of all irreducible representations
(e) Determine all higher dimensional (i.e. $\operatorname{dim}>1$ ) representations of $G$. Give the matrix images (up to conjugation) of $a, b$ for these representations.
3. Define the vector space

$$
V=\left\{\sum_{1 \leq i<j \leq 4} a_{i j} x_{i} x_{j} \mid a_{i j} \in \mathbb{C}\right\} \subset \mathbb{C}\left[x_{1}, \ldots, x_{4}\right]
$$

Define the representation $\rho$ of $S_{4}$ on $V$ by $\sigma: x_{i} x_{j} \mapsto x_{\sigma(i)} x_{\sigma(j)}$ for all $i, j$.
(a) Determine the characters of $\rho$.
(b) Determine the irreducible representations that compose $\rho$ (hint: use the character table of $S_{4}$, to be completed on Monday May 27, or consult p351 of the book).
(c) Determine a basis for each of the irreducible subrepresentations of $\rho$.
4. Consider the representation $\rho$ of $S_{5}$ on $\mathbb{C}^{5}$ given by

$$
\sigma \mathbf{e}_{i} \mapsto \mathbf{e}_{\sigma(i)}
$$

for all $i$, where $\mathbf{e}_{1}, \ldots, \mathbf{e}_{5}$ is the standaard basis of $\mathbb{C}^{5}$. Show that $\rho$ is a direct sum of the trivial representation and an irreducible one.

