

13c. Non-abelian case

First downward shift operator

Get the kernel relations

```
In[ ]:= Clear[sum, f, r, m, p, h]
      F = tht[m[h, r]] * f[r, t] * Phi[h, p, r, p]
      s3m1 = sh[3, -1, F, subnab]
```

```
Out[ ]:= f[r, t] * Phi[h, p, r, p] * tht[m[h, r]]
```

$$\text{Out[]} = -\frac{1}{4 \times (1+p)} p \left(2i \sqrt{2\pi} t \sqrt{\text{Abs}[e\ell\ell]} f[r, t] \times \text{Phi}[3+h, -1+p, -1+r, -1+p] \right. \\ \left. \left((1+\text{eps}) \sqrt{m[h, r]} \text{tht}[-1+m[h, r]] + (-1+\text{eps}) \sqrt{1+m[h, r]} \text{tht}[1+m[h, r]] \right) + \right. \\ \left. \text{Phi}[3+h, -1+p, 1+r, -1+p] \times \text{tht}[m[h, r]] \left((4-h+2p+r-4e\ell\ell\pi t^2) f[r, t] - 2t f^{(0,1)}[r, t] \right) \right)$$

Separate values 1 and -1 of **eps**=Sign[e\ell\ell]

Shift the summation variable r such that Phi[hh,pp,r,pp] occurs

```
In[ ]:= Clear[relp]
      s3m1 /. eps -> 1 // compr
      relp[r_] = Solve[% == 0, f[r+1, t]][[1]] /. r -> r-1 /. m[h, r-2] -> m[h, r]-1 // Simplify
```

$$\text{Out[]} = -\frac{1}{4 \times (1+p)} p \text{Phi}[3+h, -1+p, r, -1+p] \left((3-h+2p+r-4e\ell\ell\pi t^2) f[-1+r, t] \times \text{tht}[m[h, -1+r]] + 4i \sqrt{2\pi} t \right. \\ \left. \sqrt{\text{Abs}[e\ell\ell]} f[1+r, t] \sqrt{m[h, 1+r]} \text{tht}[-1+m[h, 1+r]] - 2t \text{tht}[m[h, -1+r]] f^{(0,1)}[-1+r, t] \right)$$

$$\text{Out[]} = \left\{ f[r, t] \rightarrow -\left(i \left((-2+h-2p-r+4e\ell\ell\pi t^2) f[-2+r, t] + 2t f^{(0,1)}[-2+r, t] \right) \right) / \right. \\ \left. \left(4 \sqrt{2\pi} t \sqrt{\text{Abs}[e\ell\ell]} \sqrt{m[h, r]} \right) \right\}$$

```
In[ ]:= Clear[relm]
      s3m1 /. eps -> -1 // compr
      relm[r_] = Solve[% == 0, f[r+1, t]][[1]] /. r -> r-1 /. m[r-2] -> m[r]+1 // Simplify
```

$$\text{Out[]} = \frac{1}{4 \times (1+p)} p \text{Phi}[3+h, -1+p, r, -1+p] \\ \left((-3+h-2p-r+4e\ell\ell\pi t^2) f[-1+r, t] \times \text{tht}[m[h, -1+r]] + 2t \left(2i \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{\text{Abs}[e\ell\ell]} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. f[1+r, t] \sqrt{1+m[h, 1+r]} \text{tht}[1+m[h, 1+r]] + \text{tht}[m[h, -1+r]] f^{(0,1)}[-1+r, t] \right) \right)$$

$$\text{Out[]} = \left\{ f[r, t] \rightarrow \left(i \text{tht}[m[h, -2+r]] \left((-2+h-2p-r+4e\ell\ell\pi t^2) f[-2+r, t] + 2t f^{(0,1)}[-2+r, t] \right) \right) / \right. \\ \left. \left(4 \sqrt{2\pi} t \sqrt{\text{Abs}[e\ell\ell]} \sqrt{1+m[h, r]} \text{tht}[1+m[h, r]] \right) \right\}$$

Insert in eigenfunction equations for lowest value of r.

First for eps=1, r0<-p, and r=-p.

`In[]:= f2p = f[2 - p, t] /. relp[2 - p]`

`eip1 = efeqn[h, p, -p, f, ell, m[h, -p], 1] /. f(0,1)[2 - p, t] → D[f2p, t] /. f[2 - p, t] → f2p /.`

`m[h, 2 - p] → m[h, -p] + 1 // Simplify`

`Coefficient[%, f(0,2)[-p, t]] // Simplify`

$$\text{Out[]} = - \frac{i((-4 + h - p + 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2) f[-p, t] + 2 t f^{(0,1)}[-p, t])}{4 \sqrt{2} \pi t \sqrt{\text{Abs}[\text{ell}]} \sqrt{m[h, 2 - p]}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Out[]} = & \left\{ f[-p, t] \left(4 + \frac{h^2}{12} - \frac{j^2}{3} - nu^2 + 4 p + \frac{7 p^2}{4} - 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2 - 2 \text{ell} p \pi t^2 - 4 \text{ell}^2 \pi^2 t^4 - \right. \right. \\ & \left. \frac{1}{2} h (p + 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2) - 8 \pi t^2 \text{Abs}[\text{ell}] m[h, -p] \right) + t (-(3 + 2 p) f^{(0,1)}[-p, t]) + t f^{(0,2)}[-p, t], \\ & f[-p, t] \left(-\frac{h^3}{9} + \frac{2 j^3}{9} - 2 j nu^2 - 24 p + \frac{h^2 p}{2} + j^2 p + 3 nu^2 p - 24 p^2 - \frac{15 p^3}{2} + 24 \text{ell} p \pi t^2 + \right. \\ & \left. 12 \text{ell} p^2 \pi t^2 + 24 \text{ell}^2 p \pi^2 t^4 + h \left(\frac{j^2}{3} + nu^2 + 12 \text{ell} p \pi t^2 \right) + 48 p \pi t^2 \text{Abs}[\text{ell}] m[h, -p] \right) + \\ & \left. 6 p t ((3 + 2 p) f^{(0,1)}[-p, t] - t f^{(0,2)}[-p, t]) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Out[]} = \{t^2, -6 p t^2\}$$

`In[]:= 6 p eip1[[1]] + eip1[[2]] // Factor`

$$\text{Out[]} = -\frac{1}{9} (h - 2 j - 3 p) (h + j - 3 nu - 3 p) (h + j + 3 nu - 3 p) f[-p, t]$$

Next for eps = 1, p≤r0<p, and r = r0.

In[*]:= Clear[r0]

fr0p = f[2 + r0, t] /. relp[2 + r0]

eip2 = efeqn[h, p, r0, f, ell, 0, 1] /. f^(0,1)[2 + r0, t] → D[fr0p, t] /. f[2 + r0, t] → fr0p /.

m[h, r0 + 2] → 1 // Simplify

Coefficient[%, f^(0,2)[r0, t]] // Simplify

Out[*]:= $-\left(i \left((-4 + h - 2p - r0 + 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2) f[r0, t] + 2 t f^{(0,1)}[r0, t] \right) / \left(4 \sqrt{2 \pi t} \sqrt{\text{Abs}[\text{ell}]} \sqrt{m[h, 2 + r0]} \right) \right)$

Out[*]:= $\left\{ \frac{1}{12} (h^2 - 4 j^2 - 6 h (p + 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2) - 3 \times (-16 + 4 nu^2 - 4 p^2 + 8 r0 - r0^2 + 16 \text{ell} \pi t^2 + 16 \text{ell}^2 \pi^2 t^4 + 2 p (-4 + r0 + 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2))) f[r0, t] + t ((-3 - p + r0) f^{(0,1)}[r0, t] + t f^{(0,2)}[r0, t]), \right.$
 $-\frac{1}{9} (h^3 - 2 j^3 + 18 j nu^2 - 9 h^2 r0 + 9 j^2 r0 - 3 h (j^2 + 3 nu^2 - 9 r0^2) - 27 (-nu^2 r0 + r0^3 + 4 \text{ell} p (2 + p) \pi t^2 - 8 \text{ell} \pi r0 t^2 - 4 \text{ell} \pi r0^2 t^2)) f[r0, t] + \frac{3}{4} (p - r0) ((-16 + h^2 + 8 r0 + 3 r0^2 - 16 \text{ell} \pi t^2 - 16 \text{ell} \pi r0 t^2 + 16 \text{ell}^2 \pi^2 t^4 + p (-8 + 6 r0 - 8 \text{ell} \pi t^2) - 2 h (p + 2 r0 - 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2)) f[r0, t] - 4 t ((-3 - p + r0) f^{(0,1)}[r0, t] + t f^{(0,2)}[r0, t]) \left. \right\}$

Out[*]:= $\{t^2, 3(-p + r0)t^2\}$

In[*]:= 3(r0 - p) eip2[[1]] - eip2[[2]] // Factor

Out[*]:= $\frac{1}{9} (h - 2 j - 3 p) (h + j - 3 nu - 3 p) (h + j + 3 nu - 3 p) f[r0, t]$

For eps=1, r0 = p, no substitution is necessary.

In[*]:= efeqn[h, p, p, f, ell, 0, 1] // Simplify

%[[2]] // Factor

Out[*]:= $\left\{ \frac{1}{12} (h^2 - 4 j^2 - 6 h (p + 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2) - 3 \times (4 nu^2 - 3 p^2 + 8 \text{ell} p \pi t^2 + 16 \times (-1 + \text{ell} \pi t^2 + \text{ell}^2 \pi^2 t^4))) f[p, t] + t (-3 f^{(0,1)}[p, t] + t f^{(0,2)}[p, t]), \right.$
 $-\frac{1}{9} (h - 2 j - 3 p) (h^2 + j^2 - 9 nu^2 + 2 h (j - 3 p) - 6 j p + 9 p^2) f[p, t] \left. \right\}$

Out[*]:= $-\frac{1}{9} (h - 2 j - 3 p) (h + j - 3 nu - 3 p) (h + j + 3 nu - 3 p) f[p, t]$

For eps = -1, r=-p, r0>-p

`In[*]:= f2p = f[2 - p, t] /. relm[2 - p]`

`eip3 = efeqn[h, p, -p, f, ell, m[h, -p], -1] /. f(0,1)[2 - p, t] → D[f2p, t] /. f[2 - p, t] → f2p /.
m[h, 2 - p] → m[h, -p] - 1 // Simplify`

`Coefficient[%, f(0,2)[-p, t]] // Simplify`

`Out[*]:= (i t h t[m[h, -p]] ((-4 + h - p + 4 ell π t2) f[-p, t] + 2 t f(0,1)[-p, t])) /
(4 √2 π t √Abs[ell] √1 + m[h, 2 - p] t h t[1 + m[h, 2 - p]])`

`Out[*]:= {`

$$\frac{1}{12} f[-p, t] (48 + h^2 - 4 j^2 - 12 nu^2 + 48 p + 21 p^2 - 48 ell \pi t^2 - 24 ell p \pi t^2 - 48 ell^2 \pi^2 t^4 -$$

$$6 h (p + 4 ell \pi t^2) - 96 \pi t^2 Abs[ell] (1 + m[h, -p]) + t (-((3 + 2 p) f^{(0,1)}[-p, t]) + t f^{(0,2)}[-p, t]),$$

$$f[-p, t] \left(-\frac{h^3}{9} + \frac{2 j^3}{9} - 2 j nu^2 - 24 p + \frac{h^2 p}{2} + j^2 p + 3 nu^2 p - 24 p^2 - \frac{15 p^3}{2} + 24 ell p \pi t^2 +$$

$$12 ell p^2 \pi t^2 + 24 ell^2 p \pi^2 t^4 + h \left(\frac{j^2}{3} + nu^2 + 12 ell p \pi t^2 \right) + 48 p \pi t^2 Abs[ell] (1 + m[h, -p]) \right) +$$

$$6 p t ((3 + 2 p) f^{(0,1)}[-p, t] - t f^{(0,2)}[-p, t]) \}$$

`Out[*]:= {t2, -6 p t2}`

`In[*]:= 6 p eip3[[1]] + eip3[[2]] // Factor`

`Out[*]:= -`
$$\frac{1}{9} (h - 2 j - 3 p) (h + j - 3 nu - 3 p) (h + j + 3 nu - 3 p) f[-p, t]$$

Last case eps = -1, r0 = -p

`In[*]:= efeqn[h, p, -p, f, ell, 0, -1][[2]] /. Abs[ell] → -ell // Factor`

`Out[*]:= -`
$$\frac{1}{9} (h - 2 j + 3 p) (h + j - 3 nu + 3 p) (h + j + 3 nu + 3 p) f[-p, t]$$

Second downward shift operator

Get the kernel relations

`In[*]:= F = t h t[m[h, r]] × f[r, t] × Phi[h, p, r, p]`

`sm3m1 = sh[-3, -1, F, subnab]`

`Out[*]:= f[r, t] × Phi[h, p, r, p] × t h t[m[h, r]]`

`Out[*]:=`

$$\frac{1}{4 \times (1 + p)} p \left(2 i \sqrt{2 \pi} t \sqrt{Abs[ell]} f[r, t] \times Phi[-3 + h, -1 + p, 1 + r, -1 + p] \right.$$

$$\left. \left((-1 + eps) \sqrt{m[h, r]} t h t[-1 + m[h, r]] + (1 + eps) \sqrt{1 + m[h, r]} t h t[1 + m[h, r]] \right) - \right.$$

$$Phi[-3 + h, -1 + p, -1 + r, -1 + p] \times t h t[m[h, r]]$$

$$\left. \left((4 + h + 2 p - r + 4 ell \pi t^2) f[r, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[r, t] \right) \right)$$

Separate values 1 and -1 of **eps** = Sign[ell]

Shift the summation variable r such that Phi[hh,pp,r,pp] occurs

```
In[ * ]:= Clear[relp]
sm3m1 /. eps -> 1 // compr
relp[r_] = Solve[% == 0, f[r - 1, t]][[1]] /. r -> r + 1 /. m[h, r + 2] -> m[h, r] + 1 // Simplify
```

$$\text{Out[*]} = \frac{1}{4 \times (1 + p)} p \text{Phi}[-3 + h, -1 + p, r, -1 + p] \\ \left(4 i \sqrt{2 \pi} t \sqrt{\text{Abs}[e11]} f[-1 + r, t] \sqrt{1 + m[h, -1 + r]} \text{tht}[1 + m[h, -1 + r]] - \right. \\ \left. \text{tht}[m[h, 1 + r]] \left((3 + h + 2 p - r + 4 e11 \pi t^2) f[1 + r, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[1 + r, t] \right) \right)$$

$$\text{Out[*]} = \left\{ f[r, t] \rightarrow - \left(i \left((2 + h + 2 p - r + 4 e11 \pi t^2) f[2 + r, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[2 + r, t] \right) \right) / \right. \\ \left. \left(4 \sqrt{2 \pi} t \sqrt{\text{Abs}[e11]} \sqrt{1 + m[h, r]} \right) \right\}$$

```
In[ * ]:= Clear[re1m]
sm3m1 /. eps -> -1 // compr
re1m[r_] = Solve[% == 0, f[r - 1, t]][[1]] /. r -> r + 1 /. m[h, r + 2] -> m[h, r] - 1 // Simplify
```

$$\text{Out[*]} = - \frac{1}{4 \times (1 + p)} p \text{Phi}[-3 + h, -1 + p, r, -1 + p] \\ \left(4 i \sqrt{2 \pi} t \sqrt{\text{Abs}[e11]} f[-1 + r, t] \sqrt{m[h, -1 + r]} \text{tht}[-1 + m[h, -1 + r]] + \right. \\ \left. \text{tht}[m[h, 1 + r]] \left((3 + h + 2 p - r + 4 e11 \pi t^2) f[1 + r, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[1 + r, t] \right) \right)$$

$$\text{Out[*]} = \left\{ f[r, t] \rightarrow \right. \\ \left. \left(i \left((2 + h + 2 p - r + 4 e11 \pi t^2) f[2 + r, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[2 + r, t] \right) \right) / \left(4 \sqrt{2 \pi} t \sqrt{\text{Abs}[e11]} \sqrt{m[h, r]} \right) \right\}$$

Now the relation between the components runs downward

Case eps=1, r0<p; r=p

`In[*]:= f2m = f[p - 2, t] /. relp[p - 2] // Simplify`

`eia = efeqn[h, p, p, f, ell, m[h, p], 1] /. f(0,1)[-2 + p, t] → D[f2m, t] /. f[-2 + p, t] → f2m /.
m[h, p - 2] → m[h, p] - 1 /. Abs[ell] → ell // Simplify`

`Coefficient[`

`%,`

`f(0,2)[`

`p,`

`t]`

$$\text{Out[*]} = -\frac{i \left((4 + h + p + 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2) f[p, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[p, t] \right)}{4 \sqrt{2 \pi} t \sqrt{\text{Abs}[\text{ell}] \sqrt{1 + m[h, -2 + p]}}$$

$$\text{Out[*]} = \left\{ f[p, t] \left(4 + \frac{h^2}{12} - \frac{j^2}{3} - nu^2 + 4 p + \frac{h p}{2} + \frac{7 p^2}{4} - 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2 - 2 \text{ell} h \pi t^2 + 2 \text{ell} p \pi t^2 - \right. \right.$$

$$\left. 4 \text{ell}^2 \pi^2 t^4 - 8 \text{ell} \pi t^2 m[h, p] \right) + t \left(-(3 + 2 p) f^{(0,1)}[p, t] + t f^{(0,2)}[p, t] \right),$$

$$f[p, t] \left(-\frac{h^3}{9} + \frac{2 j^3}{9} - 2 j nu^2 + 24 p - \frac{h^2 p}{2} - j^2 p - 3 nu^2 p + 24 p^2 + \frac{15 p^3}{2} - 24 \text{ell} p \pi t^2 + \right.$$

$$\left. 12 \text{ell} p^2 \pi t^2 - 24 \text{ell}^2 p \pi^2 t^4 + h \left(\frac{j^2}{3} + nu^2 - 12 \text{ell} p \pi t^2 \right) - 48 \text{ell} p \pi t^2 m[h, p] \right) +$$

$$6 p t \left(-(3 + 2 p) f^{(0,1)}[p, t] + t f^{(0,2)}[p, t] \right) \}$$

$$\text{Out[*]} = \{t^2, 6 p t^2\}$$

`In[*]:= 6 p eia[[1]] - eia[[2]] // Factor`

$$\text{Out[*]} = \frac{1}{9} (h - 2 j + 3 p) (h + j - 3 nu + 3 p) (h + j + 3 nu + 3 p) f[p, t]$$

This has indeed the right solutions $h = -3 p + 2w'$

Case $\text{eps} = 1, r_0 = p; r = p$

No substitution needed

`In[*]:= efeqn[h, p, p, f, ell, 0, 1] // Factor`

$$\text{Out[*]} = \left\{ \frac{1}{12} \times (48 f[p, t] + h^2 f[p, t] - 4 j^2 f[p, t] - 12 nu^2 f[p, t] - \right.$$

$$6 h p f[p, t] + 9 p^2 f[p, t] - 48 \text{ell} \pi t^2 f[p, t] - 24 \text{ell} h \pi t^2 f[p, t] -$$

$$24 \text{ell} p \pi t^2 f[p, t] - 48 \text{ell}^2 \pi^2 t^4 f[p, t] - 36 t f^{(0,1)}[p, t] + 12 t^2 f^{(0,2)}[p, t]),$$

$$\left. -\frac{1}{9} (h - 2 j - 3 p) (h + j - 3 nu - 3 p) (h + j + 3 nu - 3 p) f[p, t] \right\}$$

The second coordinate gives the right factor

Case $\text{eps} = -1, r_0 > p, r = p$

In[*]:= f2m = f[p - 2, t] /. reIm[p - 2]

**eib = eFeqn[h, p, p, f, ell, m[h, p], -1] /. f^(0,1)[-2 + p, t] → D[f2m, t] /. f[-2 + p, t] → f2m /.
m[h, p - 2] → m[h, p] + 1 // Simplify**

Coefficient[%, f^(0,2)[p, t]]

$$\text{Out[*]} = \frac{i((4 + h + p + 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2) f[p, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[p, t])}{4 \sqrt{2} \pi t \sqrt{\text{Abs}[\text{ell}]} \sqrt{m[h, -2 + p]}}$$

$$\text{Out[*]} = \left\{ \frac{1}{12} f[p, t] (48 + h^2 - 4 j^2 - 12 nu^2 + 48 p + 21 p^2 - 48 \text{ell} \pi t^2 + 24 \text{ell} p \pi t^2 - 48 \text{ell}^2 \pi^2 t^4 + \right. \\ \left. 6 h (p - 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2) - 96 \pi t^2 \text{Abs}[\text{ell}] (1 + m[h, p]) + t (-(3 + 2 p) f^{(0,1)}[p, t]) + t f^{(0,2)}[p, t]), \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{18} f[p, t] (2 h^3 - 4 j^3 + 36 j nu^2 - 432 p + 9 h^2 p + 18 j^2 p + 54 nu^2 p - 432 p^2 - 135 p^3 + \right. \\ \left. 432 \text{ell} p \pi t^2 - 216 \text{ell} p^2 \pi t^2 + 432 \text{ell}^2 p \pi^2 t^4 - 6 h (j^2 + 3 nu^2 - 36 \text{ell} p \pi t^2) + \right. \\ \left. 864 p \pi t^2 \text{Abs}[\text{ell}] (1 + m[h, p]) + 6 p t (-(3 + 2 p) f^{(0,1)}[p, t]) + t f^{(0,2)}[p, t]) \right\}$$

$$\text{Out[*]} = \{t^2, 6 p t^2\}$$

In[*]:= 6 p eib[1] - eib[2] // Factor

$$\text{Out[*]} = \frac{1}{9} (h - 2 j + 3 p) (h + j - 3 nu + 3 p) (h + j + 3 nu + 3 p) f[p, t]$$

Case eps = -1, -p < r0 <= p, r=r0

In[*]:= f2m = f[r0 - 2, t] /. reIm[r0 - 2] /. m[h, r0 - 2] → 1

eic =

eFeqn[h, p, r0, f, ell, 0, -1] /. f^(0,1)[r0 - 2, t] → D[f2m, t] /. f[r0 - 2, t] → f2m // Simplify

Coefficient[%, f^(0,2)[r0, t]] // Simplify

$$\text{Out[*]} = \frac{i((4 + h + 2 p - r0 + 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2) f[r0, t] - 2 t f^{(0,1)}[r0, t])}{4 \sqrt{2} \pi t \sqrt{\text{Abs}[\text{ell}]}}$$

$$\text{Out[*]} = \left\{ \left(4 + \frac{h^2}{12} - \frac{j^2}{3} - nu^2 + 2 p + \frac{h p}{2} + p^2 + 2 r0 + \frac{p r0}{2} + \frac{r0^2}{4} - 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2 - 2 \text{ell} h \pi t^2 + 2 \text{ell} p \pi t^2 - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 4 \text{ell}^2 \pi^2 t^4 - 8 \pi t^2 \text{Abs}[\text{ell}] \right) f[r0, t] + t (-(3 + p + r0) f^{(0,1)}[r0, t]) + t f^{(0,2)}[r0, t], - \frac{1}{9} \right. \\ \left. (h^3 - 2 j^3 + 18 j nu^2 - 9 h^2 r0 + 9 j^2 r0 + 27 nu^2 r0 - 27 r0^3 - 3 h (j^2 + 3 nu^2 - 9 r0^2) - 216 \text{ell} p \pi t^2 - \right. \\ \left. 108 \text{ell} p^2 \pi t^2 + 216 \text{ell} \pi r0 t^2 + 108 \text{ell} \pi r0^2 t^2 + 432 \pi r0 t^2 \text{Abs}[\text{ell}]) f[r0, t] + \frac{3}{4} (p + r0) \right. \\ \left. (-(-16 + h^2 - 8 r0 + 3 r0^2 + 16 \text{ell} \pi t^2 - 16 \text{ell} \pi r0 t^2 + 16 \text{ell}^2 \pi^2 t^4 + 2 h (p - 2 r0 + 4 \text{ell} \pi t^2) + \right. \\ \left. p (-8 - 6 r0 + 8 \text{ell} \pi t^2)) f[r0, t] - 4 t ((3 + p + r0) f^{(0,1)}[r0, t] - t f^{(0,2)}[r0, t]) \right\}$$

$$\text{Out[*]} = \{t^2, 3 (p + r0) t^2\}$$

In[*]:= 3 (p + r0) eic[[1]] - eic[[2]] /. Abs[ell] → -ell // Factor

$$\text{Out[*]} = \frac{1}{9} (h - 2j + 3p)(h + j - 3nu + 3p)(h + j + 3nu + 3p) f[r0, t]$$

Case eps = -1, r0=-p, r=-p

In[*]:= efeqn[h, p, -p, f, ell, 0, -1] /. Abs[ell] → -ell //

Simplify

%[[2]] // Factor

$$\text{Out[*]} = \left\{ \frac{1}{12} \times (48 + h^2 - 4j^2 - 12nu^2 + 9p^2 + 48ell\pi t^2 + 24ellp\pi t^2 - 48ell^2\pi^2 t^4 + 6h(p - 4ell\pi t^2)) \right. \\ \left. f[-p, t] + t(-3f^{(0,1)}[-p, t] + t f^{(0,2)}[-p, t]), \right. \\ \left. -\frac{1}{9} (h - 2j + 3p)(h^2 + j^2 - 9nu^2 + 6jp + 9p^2 + 2h(j + 3p)) f[-p, t] \right\}$$

$$\text{Out[*]} = -\frac{1}{9} (h - 2j + 3p)(h + j - 3nu + 3p)(h + j + 3nu + 3p) f[-p, t]$$