## Geometry and Topology – hand-in sheet 4

Hand in by 8/April

**Exercise 1** (The birth of long exact sequences). In what follows we let  $(U, \partial_U)$ ,  $(V, \partial_V)$  and  $(W, \partial_W)$  be chain complexes, that is, for example, U is a collection of  $\mathbb{Z}$ -modules  $U_i$ ,  $i \ge 0$ ,  $\partial_U : U_i \longrightarrow U_{i-1}$  is a map of modules for all i and  $\partial_U^2 = 0$ .

1. Let  $f: U \longrightarrow V$  be a group homomorphism (of degree zero), that is  $f: U_i \longrightarrow V_i$ , is a group homomorphism for all *i*. Show that if *f* commutes with the boundary operators, i.e., the diagram,

$$\cdots \xrightarrow{\partial_U} U_i \xrightarrow{\partial_U} U_{i-1} \xrightarrow{\partial_U} \cdots$$
$$\downarrow^f \qquad \qquad \downarrow^f \qquad \qquad \downarrow^f \\ \cdots \xrightarrow{\partial_V} V_i \xrightarrow{\partial_V} V_{i-1} \xrightarrow{\partial_V} \cdots$$

commutes. Then f sends boundaries to boundaries and cycles to cycles. In particular, f induces a map in homology:

$$f_*: H_i(U) \longrightarrow H_i(V), \qquad f_*[u] = [f(u)], \text{ for all } i.$$

2. Let  $f: U \longrightarrow V$  and  $g: V \longrightarrow W$  be maps of  $\mathbb{Z}$ -modules (of degree zero) which commute with the boundary operators. Assume that f is injective, g is surjective and im(f) = ker(g), that is, we have a short exact sequence of chain complexes

$$0 \longrightarrow U \xrightarrow{f} V \xrightarrow{g} W \longrightarrow 0.$$

Show that the induced maps

$$H_i(U) \xrightarrow{f_*} H_i(V) \xrightarrow{g_*} H_i(W)$$

satisfy  $\operatorname{im}(f_*) = \operatorname{ker}(g_*)$ .

3. Next we try to define a map  $\delta : H_i(W) \longrightarrow H_{i-1}(U)$  as follows. Given a cycle  $w \in W_i$  ( $\partial_W w = 0$ ), let  $v \in V_i$  be such that g(v) = w. Then

$$0 = \partial_W w = \partial_W g(v) = g(\partial_V v),$$

that is  $\partial_V v \in \ker(g) = \operatorname{im}(f)$ , hence there is  $u \in U_{i-1}$  such that  $f(u) = \partial_V v$ . Show that  $\partial_U u = 0$ and set  $\delta[w] = [u]$ . Show that  $\delta$  is well defined.

4. Show that the sequence

$$\cdots \xrightarrow{\delta} H_i(U) \xrightarrow{f_*} H_i(V) \xrightarrow{g_*} H_i(W) \xrightarrow{\delta} H_{i-1}(U) \xrightarrow{f_*} \cdots$$

is exact at every point.