

Group theory – Sheet 10 & 11

Exercises from the book: all exercises from chapter 20.

In what follows, p , q and r are prime numbers with $r < q < p$ and G is a finite group.

1*) Let G be a group of order pqr .

- a) Show that either the p -Sylow or the q -Sylow must be normal.
- b) In either case, show that G has a subgroup H of order pq . Show that H is normal.
- c) Conclude that if $p \not\equiv 1 \pmod{q}$, then both the p -Sylow and the q -Sylow are normal subgroups.
- d) Show that if q and r do not divide $p - 1$, then the p -Sylow is contained in the center of G .

2) Let G be a group of order np^k , with $k > 0$, $p > 2$, $n > 1$ and p coprimes.

- a) Show that if $n < p$ then G is not simple,
- b) Show that if $n < 2p$ and $k > 1$, then G is not simple,
- c) Show that if $k > n/p$ and $n < p^2$, then G is not simple.

3) Show that the intersection of all p -Sylows is a normal subgroup.

4) Let $p > 2$. What is the order of a p -Sylow of S_{2p} ? Give an example of one such group. Finally, find all p -Sylows of S_{2p} .

5) Let $p > 2$. Find generators for a p -Sylow of S_{p^2} . Show that this is a non-Abelian group of order p^{p+1} .

6) Let $H < G$ be a subgroup and K be a p -Sylow subgroup of G .

- a) Is it true that $H \cap K$ is a p -Sylow subgroup of H ?
- b) If H has a unique p -Sylow, is it true that it must be $H \cap K$?
- c) If H is normal, is it true that $H \cap K$ is a p -Sylow subgroup of H ?
- d) If K is the only p -Sylow subgroup of G , is $H \cap K$ a p -Sylow of H ?