

Notes

29/9/2020



$$\rho C_p \int_{-h}^0 \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} dz = k \left[\frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \right]_0^{-h}$$

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$$\bar{T} = \frac{1}{h} \int_{-h}^0 T dz$$

$$\rightarrow \rho C_p h \frac{dT}{dt} = Q_{in} = \alpha (T_a - \bar{T})$$

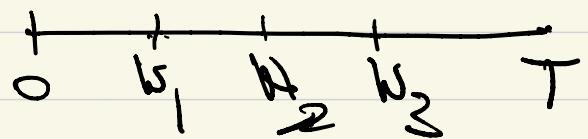
$$\alpha = 50 \frac{W}{m^2 K}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{dT}{dt} = \frac{\alpha}{\rho C_p h} (T_a - \bar{T})$$

$\bar{T} \approx \frac{1}{100 \text{ days}}$

$$\rightarrow \frac{dT}{dt} = \alpha \left(\frac{T_a}{\bar{T}} - \frac{\bar{T}}{T} \right)$$

f smooth



$$f(w_t + \Delta w_t) - f(w_t) =$$

$$f'(w_t) \Delta w_t + \frac{1}{2} f''(w_t) (\Delta w_t)^2 + \dots$$

rhs :

$$\int_0^T f'(w_t) \Delta w_t +$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \int_0^T f''(w_t) dt$$

$$||$$

lhs :

$$f(w_T) - f(w_0)$$

$$f(t) = t^2 \quad f' = 2t \quad f'' = 2$$

$$\rightarrow \int_0^T 2w_t \Delta w_t + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^T 2 dt$$

$$= \frac{w_T^2 - w_0^2}{T} \neq \frac{1}{T}$$

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$$f(t, x) = e^{rt} x$$

$$f_1 = r e^{rt} x$$

$$f_2 = e^{rt} x$$

$$f_{22} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow e^{rt} x_t - x_0 &= \int_0^t e^{rs} x_s \, ds + \\ &+ e^{rt} \left[-f(x_s) \right] \, ds + \\ &+ \int_0^t e^{rs} \sigma \, dW_s \end{aligned}$$

$$x_t = e^{-rt} \left(x_0 + \int_0^t e^{rs} \sigma \, dW_s \right)$$

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$$0 = \left(\mathcal{F} \times \mathcal{P} \right)^{-1} + \frac{\sigma^2}{N} \mathcal{P}^{11}$$

$$\frac{\sigma^2}{N} \mathcal{P}^{-1} + \mathcal{F} \times \mathcal{P} = C \\ = \mathcal{C}$$

$$\mathcal{P}^{-1} = -\frac{\mathcal{F}^T}{\sigma^2} \mathcal{P}$$

$$\mathcal{P}_c(x) = C e^{-\frac{\mathcal{F}^T x}{\sigma^2}}$$

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$$E[X_t X_{t+s}] =$$

$$E \left[\left(X_0 e^{-jt} + \sigma e^{-jt} \int_0^t e^{jt'} dW_{t'} \right) * \right.$$

$$\left. * \left(X_0 e^{-j(t+s)} + \sigma e^{-j(t+s)} \int_0^s e^{jt''} dW_{t''} \right) \right]$$

$$E[dW_t] = 0$$

$$= X_0^2 e^{j(2t+s)} + \underbrace{\sigma^2 e^{j(2t+s)}}_{\{ E \left[\int_0^t dW_{t'} \int_0^s e^{j(t'+t'')} dW_{t''} \right] } *$$

$$\underbrace{s(t') s(t'')}_{\}}$$

$$dW_{t'} = S(t') dt'$$

$$dW_{t''} = S(t'') dt''$$

$$E[S(t') S(t'')] = \overline{S}(t' - t'')$$

$$I = \int_0^t e^{2jt'} dt' = \frac{1}{2j} \left(e^{2jt} - 1 \right)$$

$$E[X_t X_{t+s}] =$$

$$X_0^2 e^{-\gamma t}(2t+s) + \downarrow$$

$$+ \sigma^2 e^{-\gamma t}(2t+s) \frac{1}{2\gamma} (e^{2\gamma t} - 1)$$

$$t \rightarrow \infty$$

$$E[X_t X_{t+s}] \rightarrow \frac{\sigma^2}{2\gamma} e^{-\gamma s}$$

Spectrum

$$S(\omega) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int [e^{-\gamma s}]$$

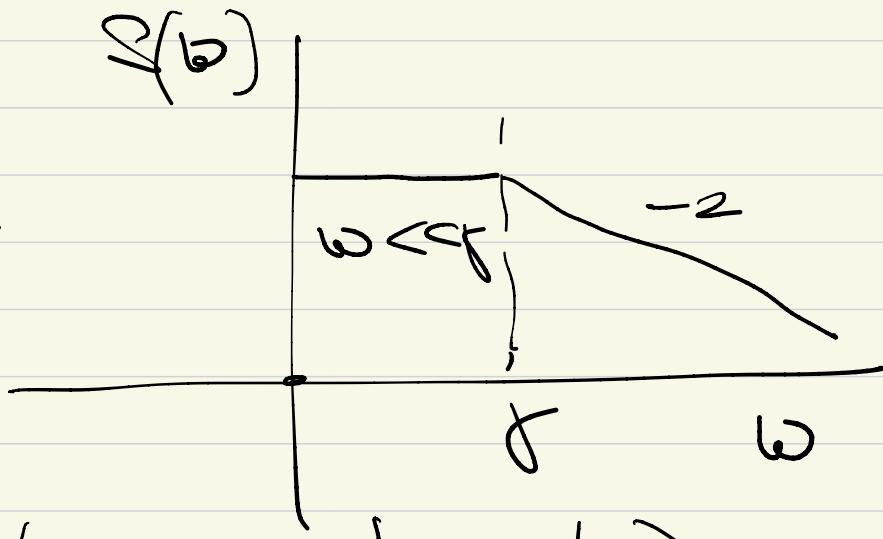
$$= \frac{\sigma^2}{2\pi} \frac{2\pi}{\omega^2 + \gamma^2} = \frac{\sigma^2}{\omega^2 + \gamma^2}$$

$$\beta(\omega) = \frac{\sigma^2}{\omega^2 + \chi^2}$$

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$$\omega \ll \chi$$

$$\beta(\omega) \approx \frac{\sigma^2}{\chi^2}$$



$$\omega \gg \chi$$

$$\beta(\omega) \approx \frac{\sigma^2}{\omega^2}$$

Lorentzian

$$X_{t_{n+1}} = e^{-\gamma t_{n+1}} X_0 + \sigma e^{-\gamma t_{n+1}} \int_0^{t_{n+1}} e^{\gamma s} dW_s$$

t_{n+1}

$$* X_{t_n} = e^{-\gamma t_n} X_0 + \sigma e^{-\gamma t_n} \int_0^{t_n} e^{\gamma s} dW_s$$

t_n

$$* e^{-\gamma(t_{n+1} - t_n)}$$

$$X_{t_{n+1}} = X_{t_n}$$

$$\rightarrow X_{t_{n+1}} - e^{-\gamma \Delta t} X_n =$$

$$\sigma \left(e^{-\gamma t_{n+1}} \int_0^{t_{n+1}} e^{\gamma s} ds \right) = \sigma dW_{n+1}$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{X_{t_{n+1}} = \alpha X_n + \eta_{t_{n+1}}}$$

red noise

~~Not~~ (c)

$$dX_t = a(X_t, t) dt + b(X_t, t) dW_t$$

$b(t)$: additive noise

$b(X_t)$: stock - dep
noise

multiplicative