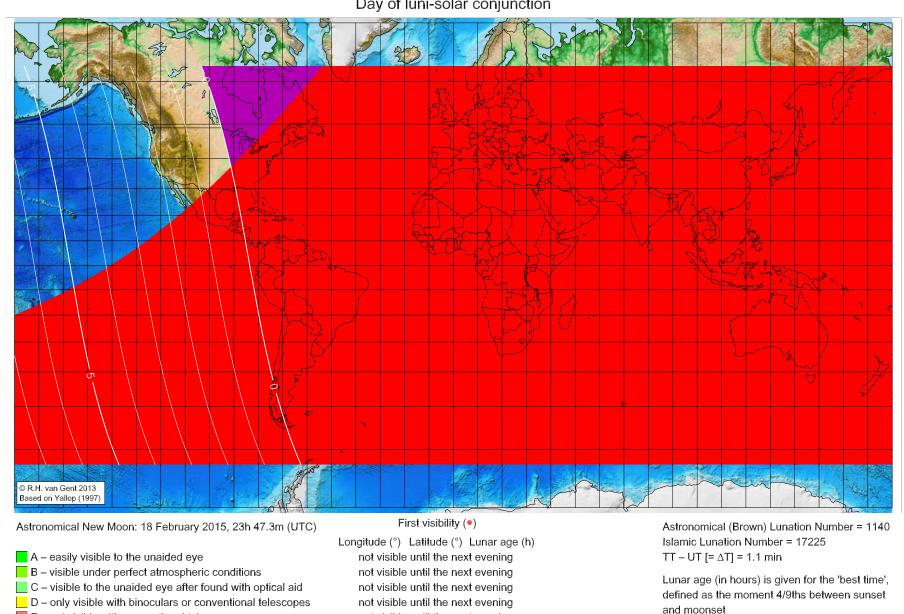
First visibility lunar crescent for Jumādā 'I-Ūlā 1436 AH

Global visibility map for 18 February 2015 [Wednesday]

Day of luni-solar conjunction



not visible until the next evening

before conjunction (astronomical new moon)

E – not visible with conventional telescopes

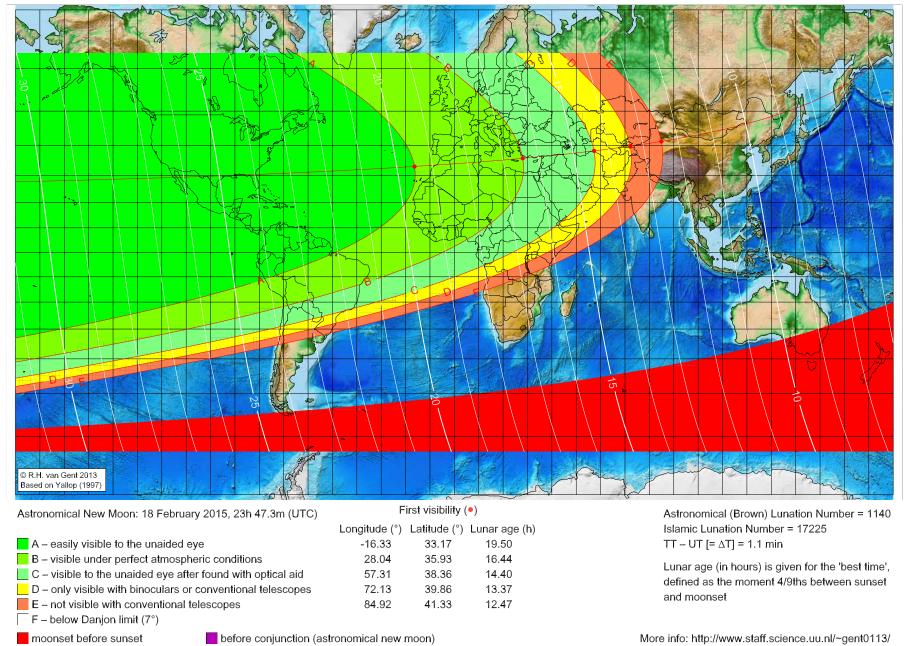
F – below Danjon limit (7°) moonset before sunset

More info: http://www.staff.science.uu.nl/~gent0113/

First visibility lunar crescent for Jumādā 'I-Ūlā 1436 AH

Global visibility map for 19 February 2015 [Thursday]

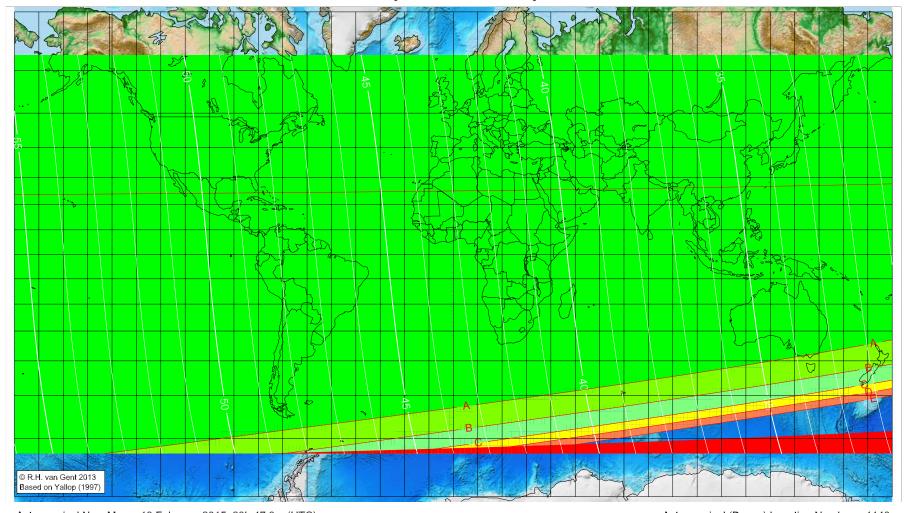
Day after luni-solar conjunction



First visibility lunar crescent for Jumādā 'I-Ūlā 1436 AH

Global visibility map for 20 February 2015 [Friday]

Second day after luni-solar conjunction



Astronomical New Moon: 18 February 2015, 23h 47.3m (UTC)

A – easily visible to the unaided eye

B – visible under perfect atmospheric conditions

C – visible to the unaided eye after found with optical aid

D – only visible with binoculars or conventional telescopes

E – not visible with conventional telescopes

F – below Danjon limit (7°)

moonset before sunset

before conjunction (astronomical new moon)

Astronomical (Brown) Lunation Number = 1140 Islamic Lunation Number = 17225 $TT - UT = \Delta T = 1.1 min$

Lunar age (in hours) is given for the 'best time', defined as the moment 4/9ths between sunset and moonset

More info: http://www.staff.science.uu.nl/~gent0113/