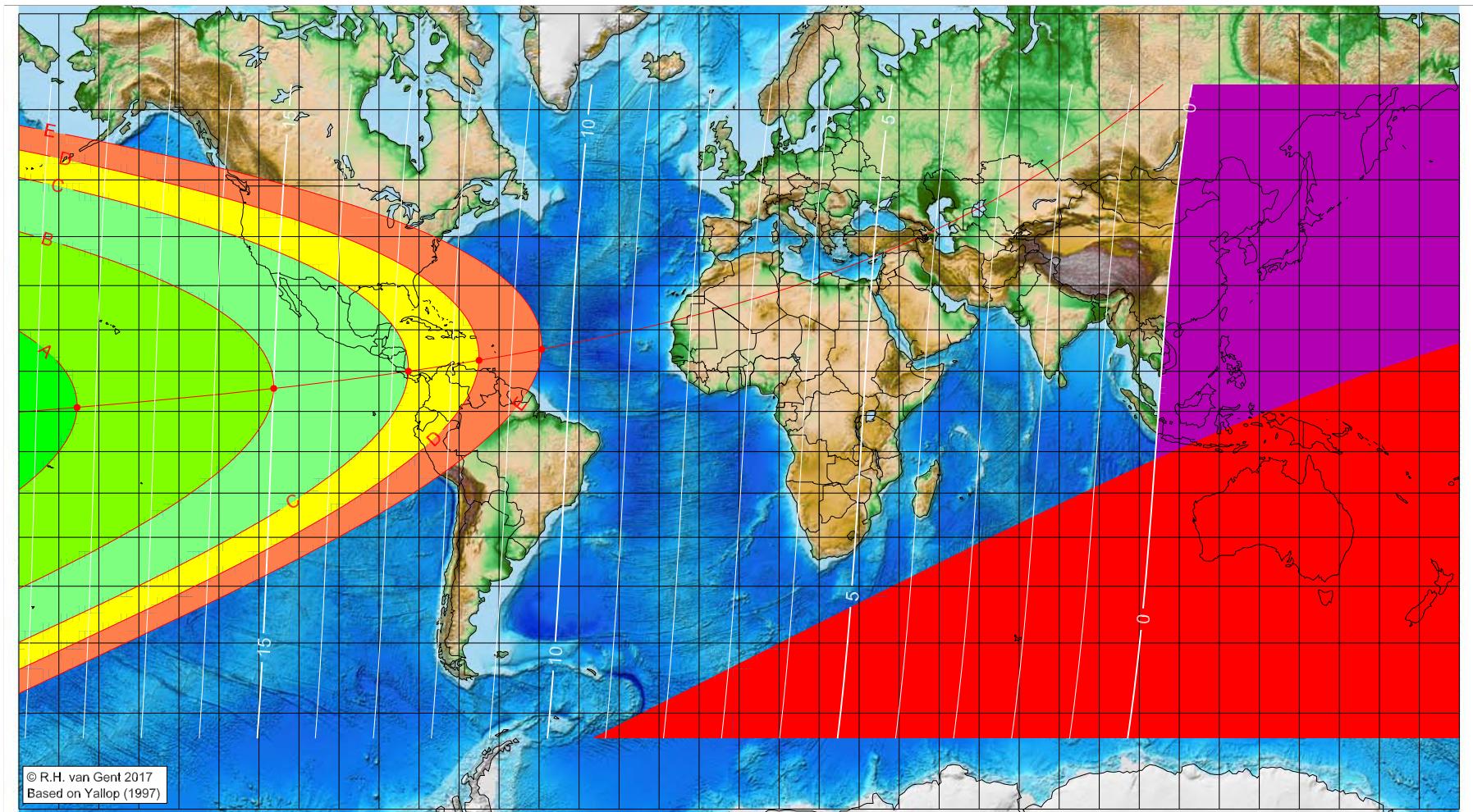


# First visibility lunar crescent for Ṣafar 1442 AH

Global visibility map for 17 September 2020 [Thursday]

Day of luni-solar conjunction



Astronomical New Moon: 17 September 2020, 11h 0.2m (UTC)

- █ A – easily visible to the unaided eye
- █ B – visible under perfect atmospheric conditions
- █ C – visible to the unaided eye after found with optical aid
- █ D – only visible with binoculars or conventional telescopes
- █ E – not visible with conventional telescopes
- █ F – below Danjon limit ( $7^\circ$ )

█ moonset before sunset

█ before conjunction (astronomical new moon)

First visibility (●)

Longitude (°)	Latitude (°)	Lunar age (h)
-165.45	1.00	18.31
-116.31	5.74	15.00
-82.65	10.00	12.73
-65.00	12.67	11.54
-49.31	15.35	10.49

Astronomical (Brown) Lunation Number = 1209

Islamic Lunation Number = 17294

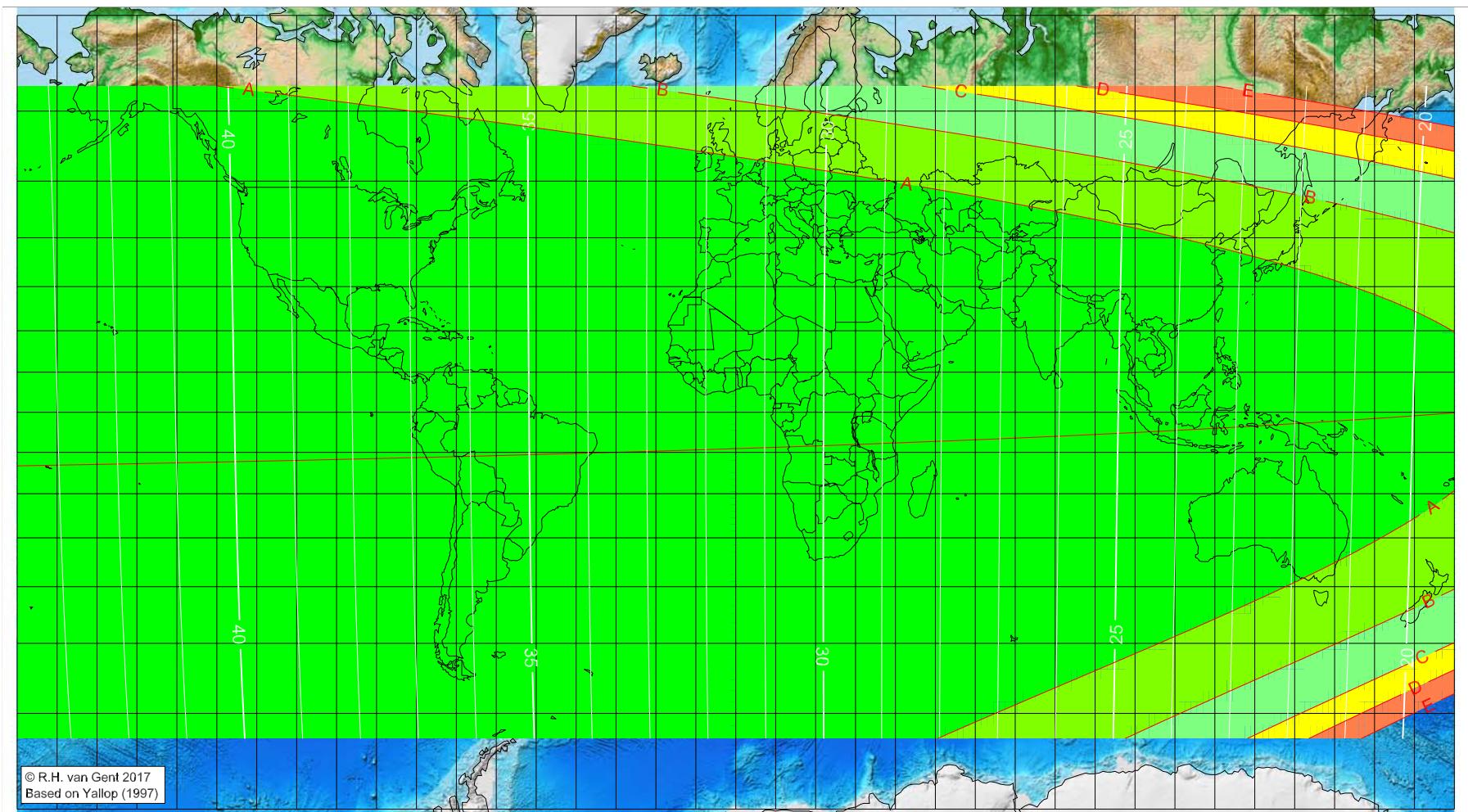
TT – UT [ $\equiv \Delta T$ ] = 1.2 min

Lunar age (in hours) is given for the 'best time', defined as the moment 4/9ths between sunset and moonset

More info: <http://www.staff.science.uu.nl/~gent0113/>

# First visibility lunar crescent for Šafar 1442 AH

Global visibility map for 18 September 2020 [Friday]  
Day after luni-solar conjunction



Astronomical New Moon: 17 September 2020, 11h 0.2m (UTC)

- █ A – easily visible to the unaided eye
- █ B – visible under perfect atmospheric conditions
- █ C – visible to the unaided eye after found with optical aid
- █ D – only visible with binoculars or conventional telescopes
- █ E – not visible with conventional telescopes
- █ F – below Danjon limit ( $7^{\circ}$ )
- █ moonset before sunset
- █ before conjunction (astronomical new moon)

First visibility (●)

Longitude ( $^{\circ}$ )	Latitude ( $^{\circ}$ )	Lunar age (h)
		visible on the previous evening
		visible on the previous evening
		visible on the previous evening
		visible on the previous evening
		visible on the previous evening

Astronomical (Brown) Lunation Number = 1209

Islamic Lunation Number = 17294

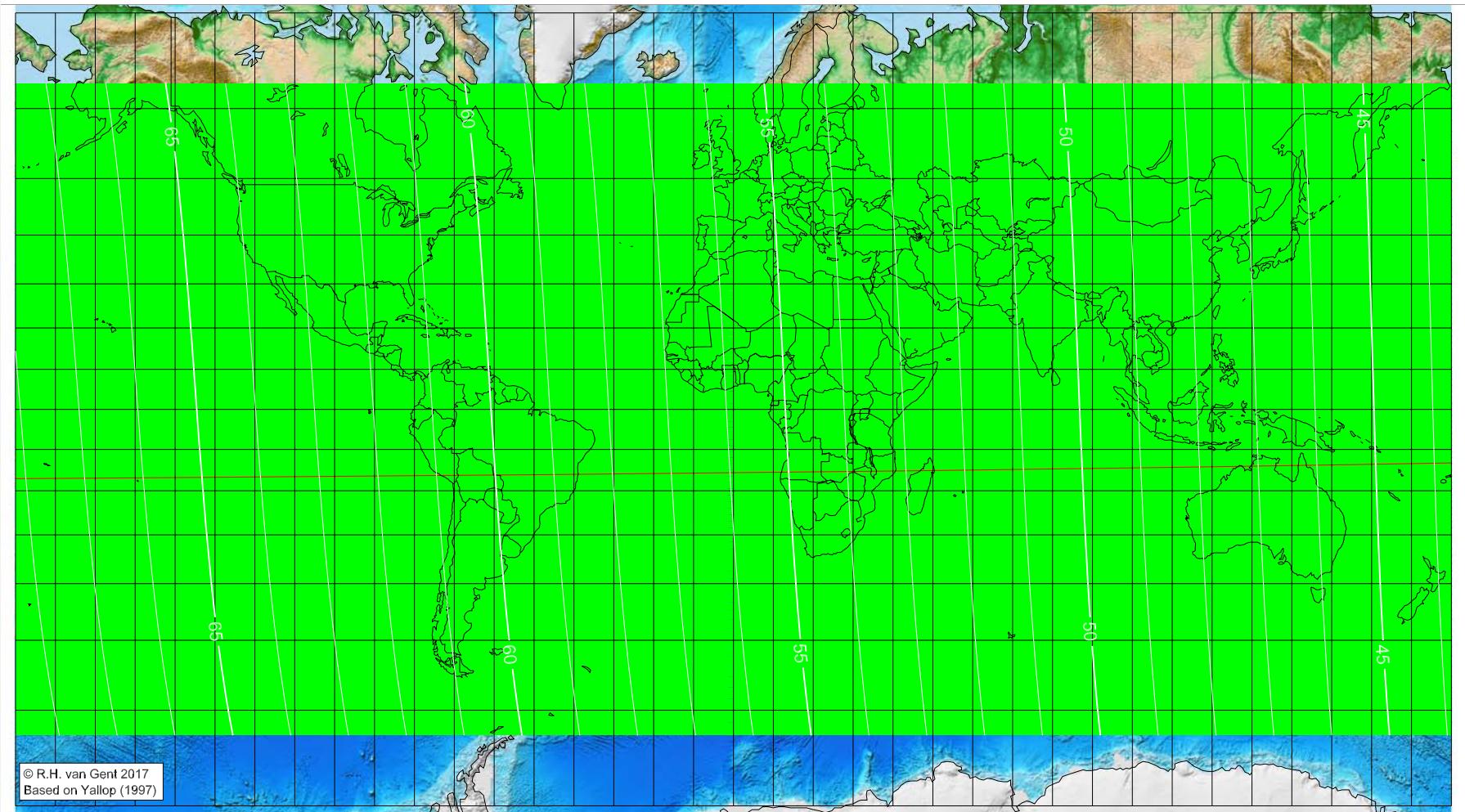
TT – UT [ $\equiv \Delta T$ ] = 1.2 min

Lunar age (in hours) is given for the 'best time',  
defined as the moment 4/9ths between sunset  
and moonset

More info: <http://www.staff.science.uu.nl/~gent0113/>

# First visibility lunar crescent for Šafar 1442 AH

Global visibility map for 19 September 2020 [Saturday]  
Second day after luni-solar conjunction



Astronomical New Moon: 17 September 2020, 11h 0.2m (UTC)

- A – easily visible to the unaided eye
- B – visible under perfect atmospheric conditions
- C – visible to the unaided eye after found with optical aid
- D – only visible with binoculars or conventional telescopes
- E – not visible with conventional telescopes
- F – below Danjon limit ( $7^\circ$ )
- moonset before sunset
- before conjunction (astronomical new moon)

Astronomical (Brown) Lunation Number = 1209

Islamic Lunation Number = 17294

TT – UT [ $\equiv \Delta T$ ] = 1.2 min

Lunar age (in hours) is given for the 'best time',  
defined as the moment 4/9ths between sunset  
and moonset

More info: <http://www.staff.science.uu.nl/~gent0113/>