1. Sketch the set

$$
\Gamma_{\gamma, \tau}:=\left\{\omega \in \mathbb{R}^{2}| | 2 \pi\langle k \mid \omega\rangle \left\lvert\, \geq \frac{\gamma}{|k|^{\tau}}\right. \text { for all } 0 \neq k \in \mathbb{Z}^{2}\right\}
$$

of $(\gamma, \tau)$-Diophantine frequency vectors, where $\gamma>0, \tau>1$ and $|k|:=$ $\left|k_{1}\right|+\left|k_{2}\right|$. What changes if $k \neq 0$ varies in $\mathbb{N}_{0}^{2}$ instead of $\mathbb{Z}^{2}$ ?
2. Prove the Lemma of Paley-Wiener : a periodic function with Fourier series $f(x)=\sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} f_{k} e^{2 \pi \mathrm{i} k x}$ is analytic if and only if the coefficients decay exponentially fast:

$$
\bigvee_{M, \eta>0} \bigwedge_{k \in \mathbb{Z}}\left|f_{k}\right| \leq M \cdot e^{-|k| \cdot \eta}
$$

3. Let $\sigma \in \mathbb{R}^{n}$ and $S \in G L_{n}(\mathbb{R})$. Show that $x \mapsto S x+\sigma$ defines an orientation preserving diffeomorphism on $\mathbb{T}^{n}$ if and only if $S \in S L_{n}(\mathbb{Z})$. Conclude that the frequency vector of a conditionally periodic torus is well defined up to the lattice $\mathbb{Z}^{n}$. What does this mean for vector fields $X$ and $\Phi_{*} X$ on $\mathbb{T}^{n}$ if $\Phi$ - id is sufficiently small ?
