## GENERAL RELATIVITY

Homework problem set 8, due at 20.01.2017.

## ■ **PROBLEM 16** Komar integrals. (9 points)

Using Komar integrals, calculate the following quantities:

- (a) (3 points) Mass of the Reissner-Nordström black hole.
- (b) (3 points) Electric charge of the Reissner-Nordström black hole. (You have calculated the electromagnetic field strength tensor in the previous homework.)
- (c) (3 points) Angular momentum of the Kerr black hole.

## ■ **PROBLEM 17** Perturbations around Minkowski space-time. (9 points)

Consider an infinitesimal coordinate transformation of the type

$$x^{\mu} \to \tilde{x}^{\mu} = x^{\mu} + \xi^{\mu}(x) , \qquad |\xi| \ll 1 .$$
 (17.1)

(a) (3 points) Show that, to linear order in  $\xi$ , the metric transforms as

$$g_{\mu\nu}(x) \to \widetilde{g}_{\mu\nu}(\widetilde{x}) = g_{\mu\nu}(\widetilde{x}) - \left(\widetilde{\nabla}_{\mu}\xi_{\nu}(\widetilde{x}) + \widetilde{\nabla}_{\nu}\xi_{\mu}(\widetilde{x})\right) .$$
(17.2)

Now assume that the metric can be written as

$$g_{\mu\nu}(x) = \eta_{\mu\nu} + h_{\mu\nu}(x) , \qquad |h_{\mu\nu}| \ll 1 .$$
 (17.3)

It means that we are dealing with small perturbations around Minkowski space-time,  $\eta_{\mu\nu} = \text{diag}(-1, 1, 1, 1)$ .

- (b) (2 points) How does  $h_{\mu\nu}$  transform under the coordinate transformation (17.1) to linear order in  $\xi$  and  $h_{\mu\nu}$ ?
- (c) (2 points) Show that, given the form of the metric (17.3), the form of the Riemann tensor to first order in  $h_{\mu\nu}$  is

$$R_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} = \frac{1}{2} \Big( \partial_{\rho} \partial_{\nu} h_{\mu\sigma} + \partial_{\sigma} \partial_{\mu} h_{\nu\rho} - \partial_{\rho} \partial_{\mu} h_{\nu\sigma} - \partial_{\sigma} \partial_{\nu} h_{\mu\rho} \Big) .$$
(17.4)

(d) (2 points) Show that (17.4) is invariant under the infinitesimal coordinate transformations (17.1).