



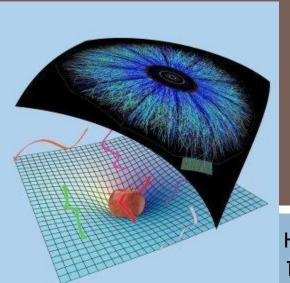




#### FROM FULL STOPPING TO TRANSPARENCY IN HOLOGRAPHY

Towards more realistic models of the QGP thermalisation

Work with Michał Heller, David Mateos, Jorge Casalderrey, Paul Romatschke and Scott Pratt References: 1305.4919, 1307.2539



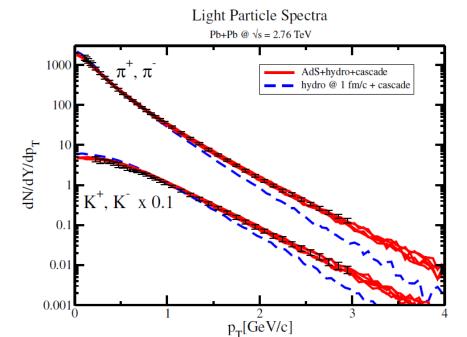
Wilke van der Schee

Supervisors: Gleb Arutyunov, Thomas Peitzmann and Raimond Snellings

Holography: From Gravity to Quantum Matter, Cambridge, UK 17 September, 2013

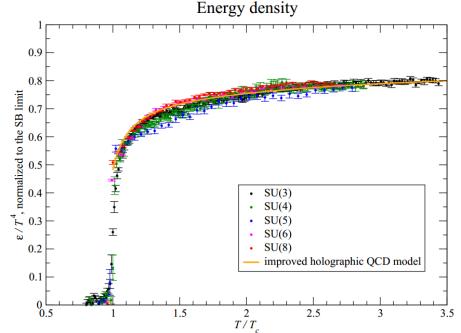
## **Outline**

- Motivation: AdS/CFT
- Gravitational shock waves in AdS
- □ Towards experiments: boost-invariant radial flow
  - Combination of AdS/CFT+viscous hydro+cascade



# Are we cheating with N=4 SYM?

- □ SU(N):  $3 \approx \infty$ ?
  - Good for thermal
- □ SUSY ?
  - Supressed with temperature
- Quarks?
  - Replaced by (dominant) gluons



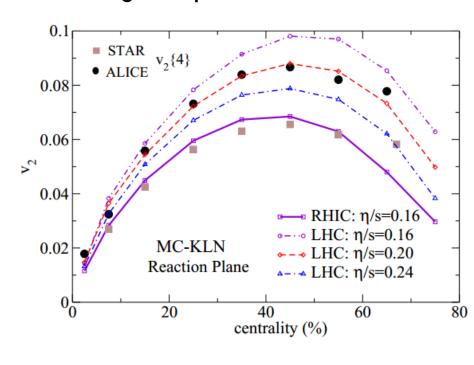
- Infinite coupling strength?
  - But coupling runs only logarithmically...
- luleq So maybe not too bad; and with room for improvement oxineg

 $\square$  Famous viscosity:  $\frac{\eta}{s} = \frac{1}{4\pi} \approx 0.08$ 

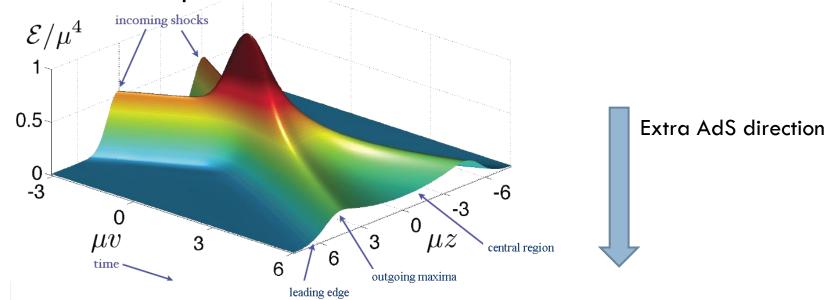
#### Fermions at unitarity

# 100 μs 200 μs 1000 μs 400 μs 1500 μs 600 μs 2000 μs

#### Quark-gluon plasma

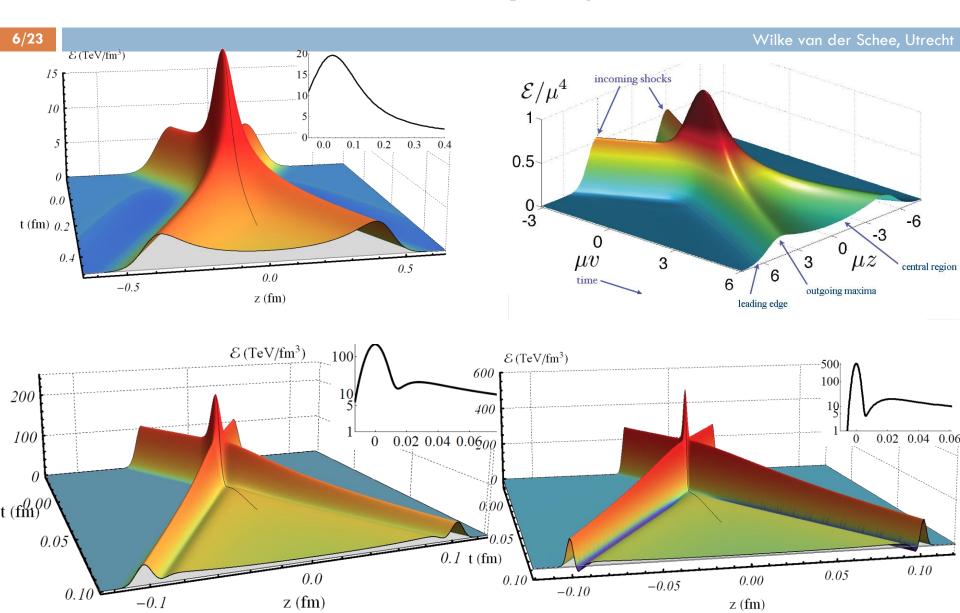


Famous example:



- Homogeneous in transverse plane ('infinite nucleus')
- Energy density moving at speed of light: initial conditions fixed
  - Two scales: width + total energy
- Only gravity: dominant force at high energy

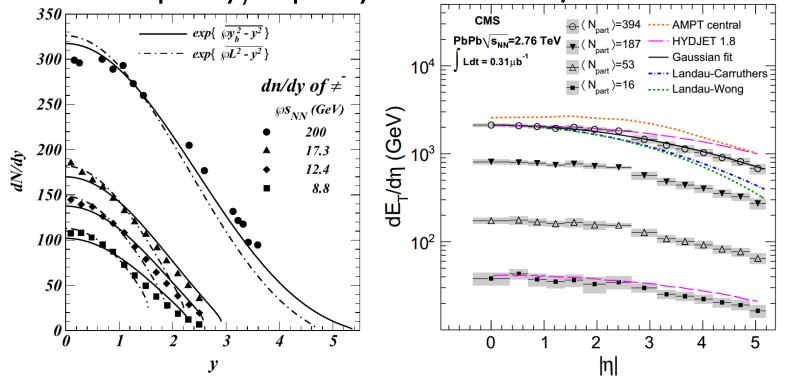
# Shock waves – varying the width



## Landau model

- Assume: shocks are thermalised at time of overlap
- Can be approximated analytically

□ Fits multiplicity/rapidity well at RHIC, not at LHC

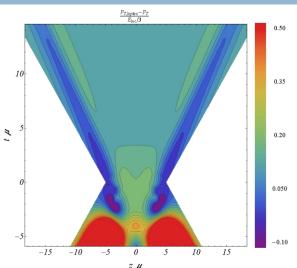


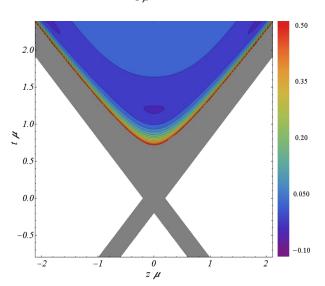
## A dynamical cross-over

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- Low energy:
  - Stopping, piling up of energy
  - Expansion by hydro
  - Compressed Landau model
- RHIC energy
  - Landau model
- High energy:
  - no stopping
  - plasma forms slowly
  - negative energy



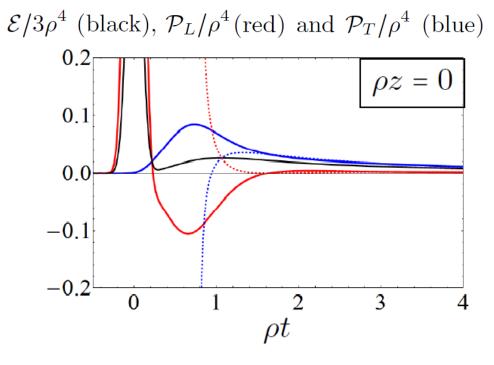


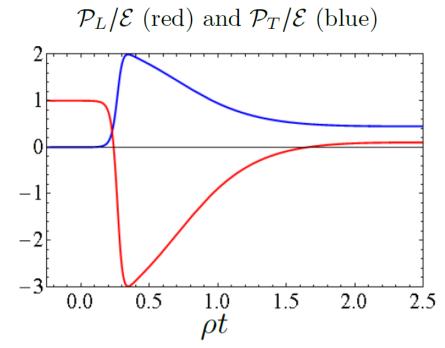
## Pressure anisotropy

#### □ Pressure, energy starts at zero, grows

$$T^{\nu}_{\mu} = \operatorname{diag}\{\epsilon(\tau), -\epsilon(\tau) - \tau \, \epsilon'(\tau), \, \epsilon(\tau) + \frac{1}{2}\tau \, \epsilon'(\tau), \, \epsilon(\tau) + \frac{1}{2}\tau \, \epsilon'(\tau)\}$$

#### Can give large negative longitudinal pressure:



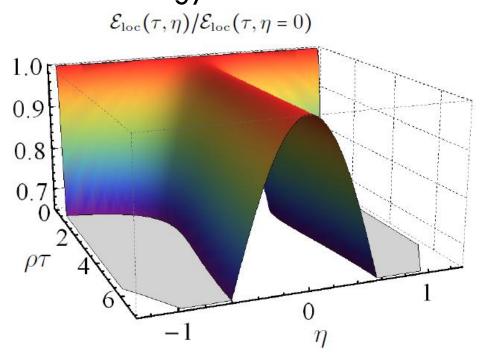


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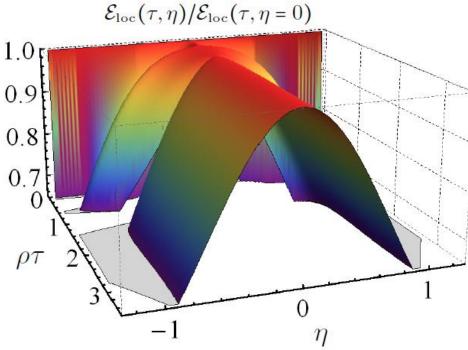
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- □ No boost-invariance
  - Profile approx gaussian with slightly increasing width

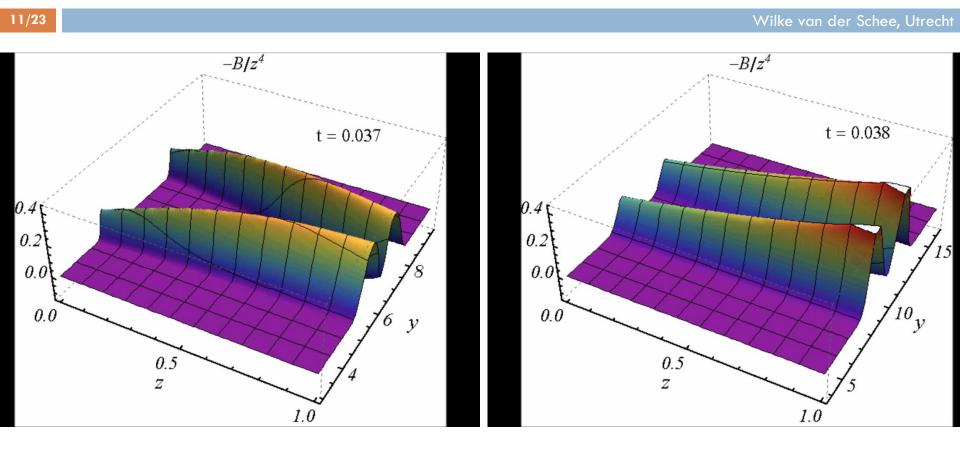
#### Low energy:



#### High energy:

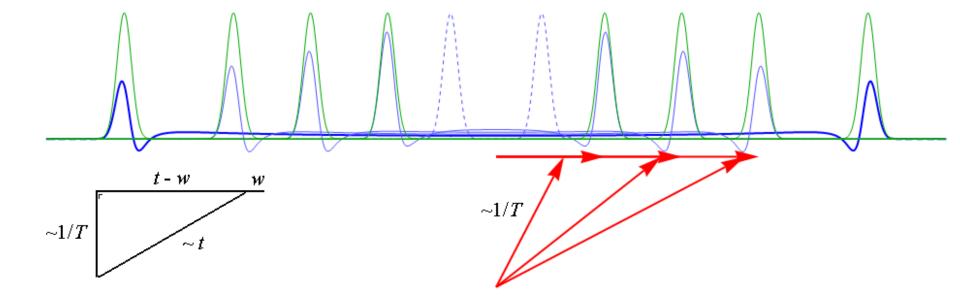


## Dynamics in AdS — in movies

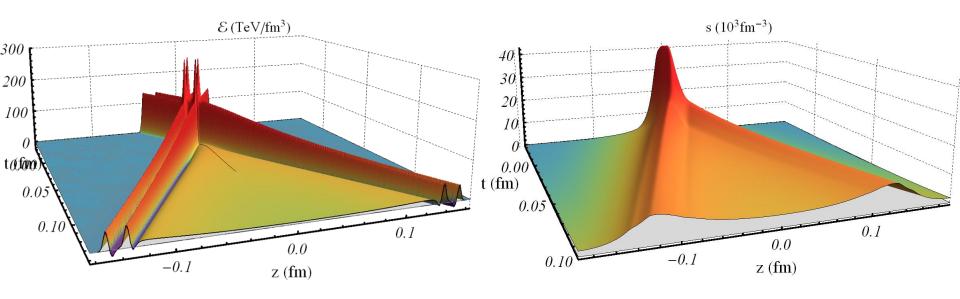


- □ Intuition: compare scales 1/Temperature and width
  - Perhaps pancake at RHIC is not so thin?

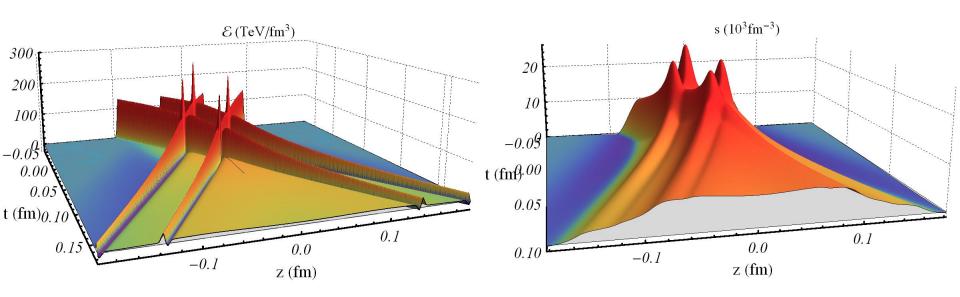
- Interesting interplay between temperature & width:
  - Non-linearity roughly comes from horizon
  - Touches front-end latest: by causality!



- □ UV structure is washed out in IR
  - Compare energy density with area apparent horizon



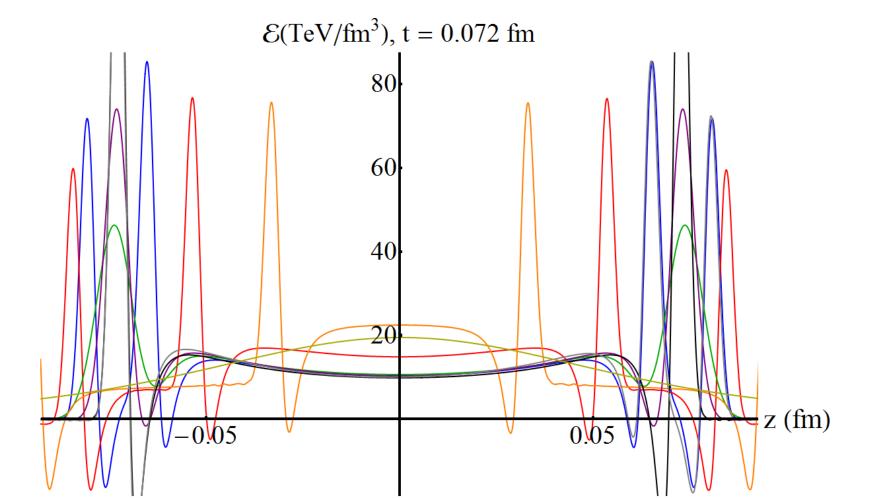
- □ UV structure is washed out in IR
  - Compare scale with 1/Temperature:



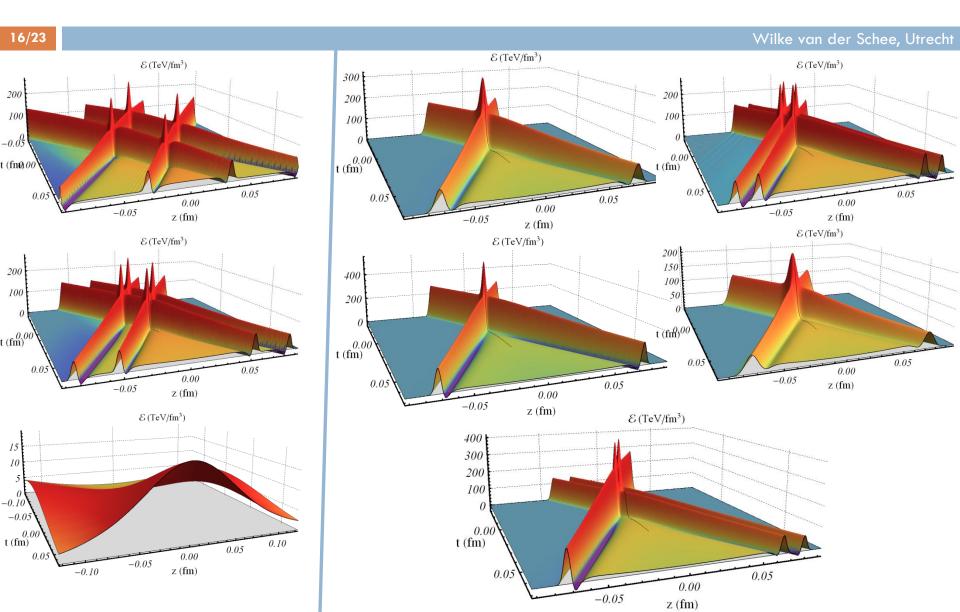
## Newer results – a prediction for p-Pb

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Comparable c.o.m. late time results for narrow shocks:



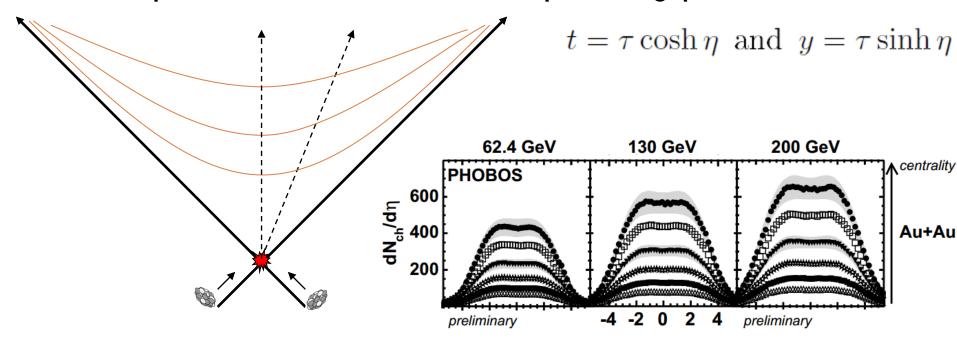
# Shocks included in previous plot



Work with Paul Romatschke and Scott Pratt

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#### simple 'realistic' model of expanding plasma:



- Real collisions probably not boost-invariant
  - Perhaps good model at mid-rapidity? (perhaps not!)

R.P. Feynman, Very High-Energy Collisions of Hadrons (1969)

J.D. Bjorken, Highly relativistic nucleus-nucleus collisions: the central rapidity region (1983)

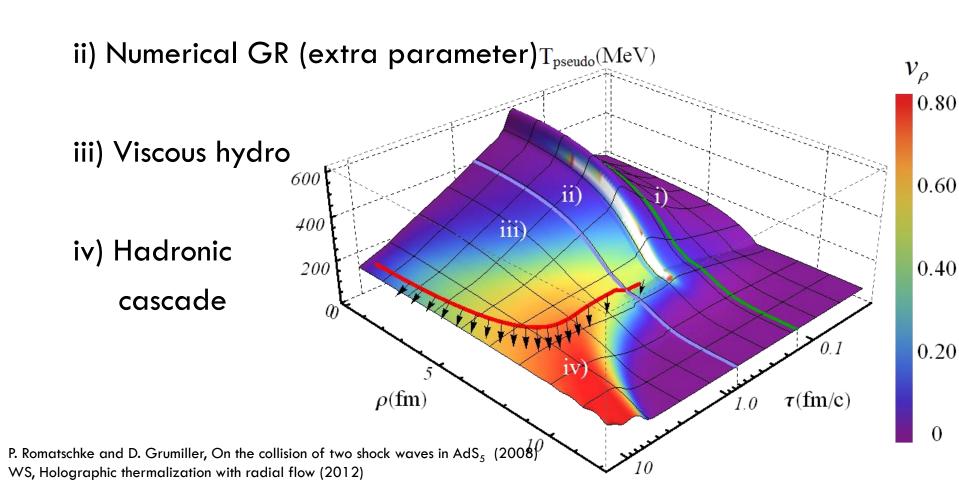
## A fully dynamical model of a HIC

Work with Paul Romatschke and Scott Pratt

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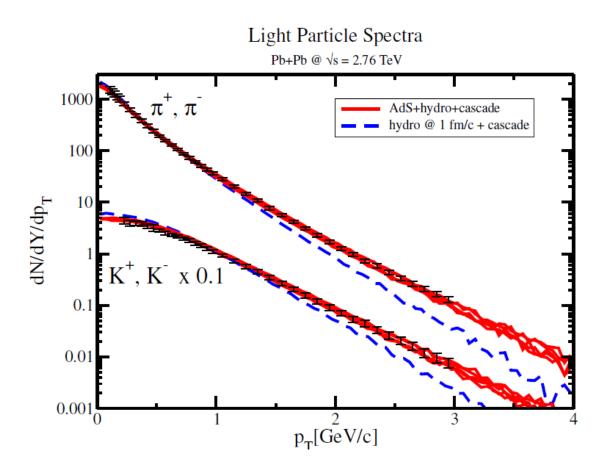
i) Small time expansion of colliding shocks (central)



## Radial flow — initial conditions

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□ Spectra ☺



# Results – approach to hydro

□ Fixing total multiplicity, velocity @ 1 fm/c:

Hydro velocity profile at  $\tau=1$  fm/c

Pb+Pb @  $\sqrt{s} = 2.76 \text{ TeV}$  $0.14 \text{ fm/c} \ 0.4 \text{ fm/c} \ 11.5 \text{ fm}^{-1} \ 11 \text{ GeV/fm}^2$  $0.14 \text{ fm/c} \ 0.4 \text{ fm/c} \ 9.7 \text{ fm}^{-1} \ 10 \text{ GeV/fm}^2$ 0.14 fm/c 0.7 fm/c 11.5 fm<sup>-1</sup> 11 GeV/fm<sup>2</sup> 0.17 fm/c 0.4 fm/c 13.8 fm<sup>-1</sup> 11 GeV/fm<sup>2</sup> 0.07 fm/c 0.4 fm/c 7.5 fm<sup>-1</sup> 11 GeV/fm<sup>-1</sup> **□**> 0.3 0.2 0.1  $\rho$  [fm]

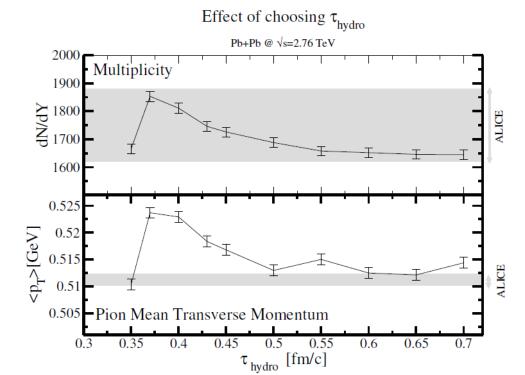
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 Velocity profile approx universal; little depedence on initial AdS time, extra AdS parameter

#### Wilke van der Schee, Utrecht

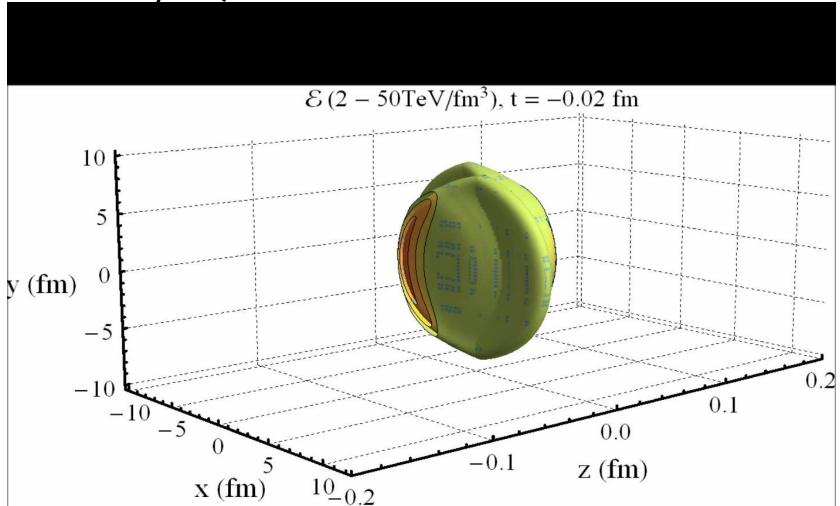
- Not too early: far-from-equilibrium
  - Rest frame does not even exist!
- $\square$  Not too late: AdS = conformal  $\neq$  QCD
  - □ In practice: 15% discontinuity in pressure

Results — approach to hydro



## Prospects: a combination

□ Need hydro, freeze-out etc..



### Discussion



23/23

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- Disclaimer
  - Modeling at infinite N and infinite coupling, at all scales
  - Colliding 'blobs of plasma' = nuclei?
- □ Shock waves: Strong coupling ≠ full stopping
  - Working hypothesis: shocks provide good model for HIC
- Lessons towards experiments
  - Pre-flow can be produced dynamically
  - Perhaps much higher temperatures (1.8 TeV/fm $^3$  @ t=0.25 fm?)
  - $\blacksquare$  Perhaps much faster thermalisation (1/T $\sim$ 0.05 fm)
  - Energy density grows initially?
  - p-Pb should be symmetric in c.o.m. frame
- Curious: shocks give Landau model precisely at RHIC!

## Fancy plots: microstructure, p-Pb, longer runs

